Wildlife Clover

**AberLasting White Clover**  
*AberLasting Clover* is a long-lived hybrid perennial that was developed by crossing Caucasian clover with White clover, making it very persistent and drought tolerant. It is nitrogen fixing, fast growing, high in protein and highly digestible. With stolons above ground and rhizomes below, making a faster recovery from heavy grazing. AberLasting is able to maintain its leaf water content for far longer than conventional white clover, and has also shown excellent tolerance of cold temperatures and freezing and has great tolerance to clover root weevil. Can be broadcasted, frost seeded, or drilled into soil. Will thrive on soils with a pH is 5.5 or higher and performs well in a low light areas.  

*Soil Types: Wide variety of soils  Seeding Rate: 8-12 lbs. per acre  Planting Depth: ¼ inch  Planting Date: Spring and Fall*

**Alice White Clover**  
*Alice White Clover* is a long-lived perennial, a tall, large leafed clover, very high in protein, vitamins, and minerals developed for exceptional yields of palatable, high quality forage. It’s vigorous spring and summer growth makes it a good choice for food plots. Alice has a greater stolon density than most other ladino types, allowing for better persistence under intensive, continuous grazing. White Clover will not lignify in hot weather like alfalfa, red clover, and most other forages. Ladinos can be broadcasted, frost seeded, or drilled into soil. White clover will thrive on soils with a pH is 5.5 or higher. Because of its shallow root system, it is not adapted to shallow, droughty soils.  

*Soil Types: Wide variety of soils  Seeding Rate: 8-12 lbs. per acre  Planting Depth: ¼ inch  Planting Date: Spring and Fall*

**Alsike Clover**  
*Alsike Clover* is a short-lived perennial cool-season crop lasting 2-3 years with a deep taproot and growing 24 to 36 inches tall. It does well on low, poorly drained soil and tolerates more alkalinity than most other clovers. Alsike Clover will tolerate flooding for longer periods, but it may be killed out if drought periods become prolonged. Alsike Clover is an extremely winter hardy perennial clover. A legume that is more adaptable to a variety of soil types and is extremely easy to grow in almost any condition. It is easy to establish where there is minimal soil preparation, but must be seeded shallowly. Alsike has poor shade tolerance and is intolerant to drought and high temperatures.  

*Soil Types: Wide variety of soils  Seeding Rate: 8-12 lbs. per acre  Planting Depth: ¼ inch  Planting Date: Spring and Fall*

**Crimson Clover**  
*Crimson Clover* is a cool season reseeding annual legume with an erect growth habit and a shallow taproot system. It is widely used for feeding and attracting deer, turkey, rabbits and other game species to food plot areas. Crimson is a widely adapted plant that tolerates different soil types and low pH soils. It is an excellent and dependable reseeding clover that is early maturing. Crimson performs well in mixtures with small grains or later maturing clover. When planted in the fall, Crimson Clover produces more forage at low temperatures. It thrives when planted with other grasses and is an excellent late winter grazing crop.  

*Soil Types: Heavier, well-drained  Seeding Rate: 15-20 lbs. per acre  Planting Depth: ¼ inch  Planting Date: Spring and Fall*
Wildlife Clover

**Durana Clover**  
*Durana Clover* is a cool season perennial legume, a new variety released by Pennington Seed with better yield increases and will provide longer life with a more persistent stands for food plots. Intermediate clovers have a medium leaf size and a leaf density that is very thick from the ground to the top of the plant and competes aggressively with weeds and grasses. Expect this clover to live several years longer than other older types in similar climatic conditions. With protein levels of 25% and digestibility of over 75%. Durana will tolerate acidic soils and is an excellent pure stand or addition to food plot mixes.  

**Soil Types:** Wide variety of soils  
**Seeding Rate:** 8-10 lbs. per acre  
**Planting Depth:** ¼ inch  
**Planting Date:** Spring and Fall

**Freedom Red Clover**  
*Freedom Red Clover* an upright perennial, one of the latest red clovers developed with its freedom from pubescence (non-glandular hairs). It has a strong tap root allowing it to use subsoil moisture in the summer. Freedom produces excellent yields of highly palatable, nutritious forage. A very persistent variety, exhibiting improved winter hardiness as well as improved heat and drought tolerance and excels better into the third year. A rapid establishing high quality red clover, well adapted for grazing. May be sown as a pure crop or preforms well in a mix. Fall plant at least 8 weeks before a killing frost, or frost-seeding in the early spring. It performs in wet, acidic soils (pH 5.5-6.5)  

**Soil Types:** Wide variety of soils  
**Seeding Rate:** 15-20 lbs. per acre  
**Planting Depth:** ¼ inch  
**Planting Date:** Spring and Fall

**Frosty Berseem Clover**  
Frosty Berseem Clover features a high leaf-to-stem ratio, has excellent disease resistance and grows rapidly when temperatures exceed 60 degrees Fahrenheit. An excellent choice for wildlife food plots, either by itself or in a mixture with clover or cool-season grasses. As an annual clover, Frosty Berseem will eventually die and the nitrogen that it has created will be released to the benefit of remaining components. Maturity is later then when other annual clovers and bloom period is similar to that of red clover. Frosty produces an abundance of flowers and is favored by pollinators. Frosty Berseem is tolerant of moderate periods of waterlogged soils and can be dormant or frost seeded.  

**Soil Types:** Wide variety of soils  
**Seeding Rate:** 12-16 lbs. per acre  
**Planting Depth:** ¼ inch  
**Planting Date:** Spring

**Gallant Red Clover**  
*Gallant Red Clover* a perennial clover adapted to all areas of the Northeast and Midwestern. Gallant Clover is extremely persistent because of its high resistance to the major diseases that affect red clovers. Gallant was developed to have excellent winter hardiness, better quality forage, and is a very high yielding clover with outstanding disease resistance. Excellent persistence combined with strong spring green-up and fast recovery after cutting and heavy grazing. It may be seeded alone or used in mixes, an excellent clover for frost and dormant seeding. Outstanding choice for wet and lower fertility soil types that alfalfa cannot tolerate.  

**Soil Types:** Does well on most soil  
**Seeding Rate:** 8-10 lbs. per acre  
**Planting Depth:** ¼ inch  
**Planting Date:** Spring and Fall

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Wildlife Clover

Jumbo Ladino Clover

**Jumbo Ladino Clover** is a white perennial superior clover more vigorous and faster growing than other white clovers. Known for its large leaves and high yields, Jumbo is very palatable and a great improvement for grazing stands for wildlife. Ladino type white clovers spread by stolons and fill in empty space in forage stands for more productive grazing. Jumbo ladino may be seeded conventionally when establishing a new plot, or may be frost seeded into an existing plot. Jumbo Ladino Clover has good disease resistance, tolerates summer heat and dry weather, a clover that is widely adapted to the Northeast.

Soil Types: Does well on most soil  
**Seeding Rate**: 8-10 lbs. per acre  
**Planting Depth**: ¼ inch  
**Planting Date**: Spring and Fall

Mammoth Clover

**Mammoth Clover** is a biennial legume, an excellent fast-growing cover crop that may be planted almost any time of the year. Mammoth Red can grow up to 3 feet in height at maturity, breaks up clay soils and adds as much as 200 pounds of nitrogen per acre. Mammoth will grow on inferior soils and requires less moisture than medium red clover, is more vigorous and tolerant of acid soils than other clovers. A clover that is most productive on heavier soils with adequate moisture, usually planted to enrich the soil with nitrogen. An excellent choice for frost seeding into established plots to improve soil conditions.

Soil Types: Well in most soils  
**Seeding Rate**: 15-20 lbs. per acre  
**Planting Depth**: ¼ inch  
**Planting Date**: Spring and Fall

Medium Red Clover

**Medium Red Clover** is a short-lived perennial, 2-3 years with the most aggressive growth in the spring. However, newer varieties with better disease resistance along with proper management may persist for a third year. Medium Red Clover is an aggressive establisher and may be seeded alone or used in mixtures with grasses for frost or dormant seeding into an existing stand. Medium Red Clover quality does not decline as rapidly with maturity as alfalfa. Good winter hardiness with fair drought tolerance. It requires moisture throughout the growing season for optimum performance. Soil pH levels should be between 5.5 to 7.0 for best performance.

Soil Types: Adapted to wide variety  
**Seeding Rate**: 18-20 lbs. per acre  
**Planting Depth**: ¼ inch  
**Planting Date**: Spring and Fall

Platinum Ladino Clover

**Platinum Ladino Clover** is a rapidly-growing perennial generally lasting 3 to 5 years and spreads with prostrate stolon’s that are 12 to 15 inches long. Ladino Clover is only moderately hardy and has a shallow root system, an aggressive establisher, and a high yielding legume that produces palatable forage for wildlife food plots. It will not do well on light-sandy soils, performs best in heavy soils where moisture is readily available during the growing season. Ladino Clover may be frost seeded into existing forage stands. A high quality food plot utilized by deer and turkey, providing excellent protein for spring, summer and fall. It is great for clay or loam soils in bottom land.

Soil Types: Does well in most soil  
**Seeding Rate**: 8-10 lbs. per acre  
**Planting Depth**: ¼ inch  
**Planting Date**: Spring and Fall

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